

SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike S1-His Recombiant Protein

Catalog_no :	AD-PD400021

Category: 冠状病毒产品

Size: 100μg/1mg

Specificity: 2019-nCoV

Source: HEK293 Cells

Storage_stability Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C. It is recommended that the protein be

aliquoted for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Molecular The recombinant SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) Spike Protein (S1 Subunit, His Tag) consists of Weight: 681 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 76.5 kDa.

Background: The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses contains protrusions that will only bind to

certain receptors on the host cell. Known receptors bind S1 are ACE2, angiotensinconverting enzyme 2; DPP4, dipeptidyl peptidase-4; APN, aminopeptidase N; CEACAM, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1; Sia, sialic acid; O-ac Sia, Oacetylated sialic acid. The spike is essential for both host specificity and viral infectivity. The term 'peplomer' is typically used to refer to a grouping of heterologous proteins on the virus surface that function together. The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. It's been reported that 2019-nCoV can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity. The main functions for the Spike protein are summarized as: Mediate receptor binding and membrane fusion; Defines the range of the hosts and specificity of the virus; Main component to bind with the neutralizing antibody; Key target for vaccine design; Can be transmitted between different hosts through gene recombination or mutation of the receptor binding domain (RBD), leading to a higher mortality rate.

缓冲液: Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.Please contact us for any concerns or special

requirements.Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information i

运输及保存条件 In general, recombinant proteins are provided as lyophilized powder which are shipped at ambient temperature. Bulk packages of recombinant proteins are provided as frozen

at ambert temperature. Bulk packages of recombinant proteins are provided as no

liquid. They are shipped out with blue ice unless customers require otherwise

classification_1 coronavirus spike Protein, 2019-nCoV; cov spike Protein, 2019-nCoV; ncov RBD Protein,



2019-nCoV; ncov s1 Protein, 2019-nCoV; ncov s2 Protein, 2019-nCoV; ncov spike Protein,

2019-nCoV; NCP-CoV RBD Protein, 2019-nCoV; NCP-CoV s1 Protein, 2019-nCoV; NCP

purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE. > 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.

reference: 1.Shen S, et al. (2007) Expression, glycosylation, and modification of the spike (S)

glycoprotein of SARS CoV. Methods Mol Biol. 379: 127-35. 2.Du L, et al. (2009) The spike

protein of SARS-CoV--a target for vaccine and therapeutic development. Nat R

description: A DNA sequence encoding the SARS-CoV-2 (2019-nCoV) spike protein S1 Subunit

(YP_009724390.1) (Val16-Arg685) was expressed with a polyhistidine tag at the C-

terminus.

内毒素: < 1.0 EU per µg protein as determined by the LAL method.

生物活性: Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human ACE2 protein

(Fc tag)(Cat: 10108-H05H) at 2 μg/mL (100 μL/well) can bind SARS-CoV-2/2019-nCoV Spike Protein (S1 Subunit, His tag) (40591-V08H), the EC50 of SARS-CoV-2/2019-nCoV