

SIRT5 Antibody (C-term)

Catalog_no: AB2376

Reactivity: H

Category: 抗原抗体

Size: $100\mu L/50\mu L$

Immunogen: HUMAN:263-292

Specificity: This SIRT5 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between 263-292 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human

SIRT5.

Dilution: IHC-P,1:50~100;WB,1:1000;

Purification: Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This

antibody is purified through a protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers

and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Other_name: NAD-dependent protein deacylase sirtuin-5, mitochondrial {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-

Rule:MF 03160}, 351- {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF 03160}, Regulatory protein SIR2

homolog 5 {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF 03160}, SIR2-like protein 5

{ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF_03160}, SIRT5 {ECO:0000255 | HAMAP-Rule:MF_03160},

SIR2L5

Isotype: Rabbit Ig

Background: SIRT5 is a member of the sirtuin family of proteins, homologs to the yeast Sir2 protein.

Members of the sirtuin family are characterized by a sirtuin core domain and grouped into four classes. The functions of human sirtuins have not yet been determined; however, yeast sirtuin proteins are known to regulate epigenetic gene silencing and suppress recombination of rDNA. Studies suggest that the human sirtuins may function

as intracellular regulatory proteins with mono-ADP-ribosyltransferase activity.

reference: Frye, R.A., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 273(2):793-798 (2000). Frye, R.A., Biochem.

Biophys. Res. Commun. 260(1):273-279 (1999).