

## CKMT1 Antibody (N-term)

Catalog\_no: AB2468

Reactivity: H, M

Category: 抗原抗体

Size:  $100\mu L/50\mu L$ 

Immunogen: HUMAN:55-84

Specificity: This CKMT1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between 55-84 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human

CKMT1.

Dilution: WB,1:1000;

Purification: Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This

antibody is purified through a protein G column, eluted with high and low pH buffers

and neutralized immediately, followed by dialysis against PBS.

Other\_name: Creatine kinase U-type, mitochondrial, Acidic-type mitochondrial creatine kinase, Mia-

CK, Ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase, U-MtCK, CKMT1A, CKMT

Isotype: Rabbit Ig

Background: Mitochondrial creatine kinase (MtCK) is responsible for the transfer of high energy

phosphate from mitochondria to the cytosolic carrier, creatine. It belongs to the creatine kinase isoenzyme family. It exists as two isoenzymes, sarcomeric MtCK and ubiquitous MtCK, encoded by separate genes. Mitochondrial creatine kinase occurs in two different oligomeric forms: dimers and octamers, in contrast to the exclusively dimeric cytosolic creatine kinase isoenzymes. Many malignant cancers with poor prognosis have shown overexpression of ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase, this may be related to high energy turnover and failure to eliminate cancer cells via

apoptosis. Ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase has 80% homology with the coding

exons of sarcomeric mitochondrial creatine kinase.