

AGT Antibody (N-term)

Catalog_no: AB2553

Reactivity: H

Category: 抗原抗体

Size: $100\mu L/50\mu L$

Immunogen: HUMAN:37-65

Specificity: This AGT antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic

peptide between 37-65 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human AGT.

Dilution: WB,1:1000;IHC-P,1:10~50;

Purification: Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This

antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by

dialysis against PBS.

Other_name: Angiotensinogen, Serpin A8, Angiotensin-1, Angiotensin 1-10, Angiotensin I, Ang I,

Angiotensin-2, Angiotensin 1-8, Angiotensin II, Ang II, Angiotensin-3, Angiotensin 2-8, Angiotensin III, Ang III, Des-Asp[1]-angiotensin II, Angiotensin-4, Angiotensin 3-8, Angiotensin IV, Ang IV, Angiotensin 1-9, Angiotensin 1-7, Angiotensin 1-5, Angiotensin

1-4, AGT, SERPINA8

Isotype: Rabbit Ig

Background: AGT, pre-angiotensinogen or angiotensinogen precursor, is expressed in the liver and is

cleaved by the enzyme renin in response to lowered blood pressure. The resulting product, angiotensin I, is then cleaved by angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) to generate the physiologically active enzyme angiotensin II. The protein is involved in maintaining blood pressure and in the pathogenesis of essential hypertension and preeclampsia. Mutations in AGT gene are associated with susceptibility to essential hypertension, and can cause renal tubular dysgenesis, a severe disorder of renal tubular

development. Defects in AGT gene have also been associated with non-familial

structural atrial fibrillation, and inflammatory bowel disease.

reference: Gurkan, A., Arch. Oral Biol. 54 (4), 337-344 (2009) Vickers, C., J. Biol. Chem. 277 (17),

14838-14843 (2002) Donoghue, M., Circ. Res. 87 (5), E1-E9 (2000)