

UD11 rabbit pAb

Catalog_no: AN3845

Applications: WB

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Category: 抗原抗体

Size : $100 \mu g/50 \mu g/20 \mu g$

Gene_name: UGT1A1 GNT1 UGT1

Protein_name: UD11

Humangene_id <u>54658</u>

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Humanswissprot P22309

_no:

Mousegene_id: 394436

Mouseswissprot Q63886

_no:

Ratgene_id : 24861

Ratswissprot_no Q64550

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Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human UD11

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of UD11 at Human/Mouse/Rat

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source : Rabbit

Dilution: WB 1:500-2000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using

specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage_stability -20°C/1 year

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Background: This gene encodes a UDP-glucuronosyltransferase, an enzyme of the glucuronidation

pathway that transforms small lipophilic molecules, such as steroids, bilirubin,

hormones, and drugs, into water-soluble, excretable metabolites. This gene is part of a



complex locus that encodes several UDP-glucuronosyltransferases. The locus includes thirteen unique alternate first exons followed by four common exons. Four of the alternate first exons are considered pseudogenes. Each of the remaining nine 5' exons may be spliced to the four common exons, resulting in nine proteins with different N-termini and identical C-termini. Each first exon encodes the substrate binding site, and is regulated by its own promoter. The preferred substrate of this enzyme is bilirubin, although it also has moderate activity with simple phenols, flavones, and C18 steroids. Mutations in this gene result in Crigler-Najjar syndromes types I and II and in Gilbert syndrome. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],