

## DAZL rabbit pAb

Catalog_no :	AT6663
Applications :	WB
Reactivity :	Human, Mouse
Category :	抗原抗体
Size :	100µg/50µg/20µg
Gene_name :	DAZL DAZH DAZL1 DAZLA SPGYLA
Protein_name :	DAZL
Humangene_id	<a href="#">1618</a>
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Humanswissprot	<a href="#">Q92904</a>
_no :	
Mousegene_id :	<a href="#">13164</a>
Mouseswissprot	<a href="#">Q64368</a>
_no :	
Immunogen :	Synthesized peptide derived from human DAZL
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of DAZL at Human/Mouse
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Rabbit
Dilution :	WB 1 : 500-2000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage_stability	-20°C/1 year
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Background :	The DAZ (Deleted in AZoospermia) gene family encodes potential RNA binding proteins that are expressed in prenatal and postnatal germ cells of males and females. The protein encoded by this gene is localized to the nucleus and cytoplasm of fetal germ cells and to the cytoplasm of developing oocytes. In the testis, this protein is localized to the nucleus of spermatogonia but relocates to the cytoplasm during meiosis where it persists in spermatids and spermatozoa. Transposition and amplification of this autosomal gene during primate evolution gave rise to the DAZ gene cluster on the Y chromosome. Mutations in this gene have been linked to severe spermatogenic failure



and infertility in males. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jun 2010],

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