

## GALE rabbit pAb

Catalog\_no: AT6716

Applications: WB

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Category: 抗原抗体

Size: 100μg/50μg/20μg

Gene\_name: GALE

Protein\_name: GALE

Humangene\_id 2582

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Humanswissprot Q14376

\_no:

Mousegene\_id: 74246

Mouseswissprot **Q8R059** 

\_no:

Ratswissprot\_no P18645

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Immunogen: Synthesized peptide derived from human GALE

Specificity: This antibody detects endogenous levels of GALE at Human/Mouse/Rat

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Rabbit

Dilution: WB 1: 500-2000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using

specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage\_stability -20°C/1 year

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Background: This gene encodes UDP-galactose-4-epimerase which catalyzes two distinct but

analogous reactions: the epimerization of UDP-glucose to UDP-galactose, and the epimerization of UDP-N-acetylglucosamine to UDP-N-acetylgalactosamine. The bifunctional nature of the enzyme has the important metabolic consequence that mutant cells (or individuals) are dependent not only on exogenous galactose, but also



on exogenous N-acetylgalactosamine as a necessary precursor for the synthesis of glycoproteins and glycolipids. Mutations in this gene result in epimerase-deficiency galactosemia, also referred to as galactosemia type 3, a disease characterized by liver damage, early-onset cataracts, deafness and mental retardation, with symptoms ranging from mild ('peripheral' form) to severe ('generalized' form). Multiple alternatively spliced transcripts encoding the same protein have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],