

## OR1D4 rabbit pAb

| Catalog_no :           | AT6973  |
|------------------------|---|
| Applications :         | WB  |
| Reactivity :           | Human   |
| Category :             | 抗原抗体  |
| Size :                 | 100µg/50µg/20µg   |
| Gene_name :            | OR1D4   |
| Protein_name :         | OR1D4   |
| Humangene_id<br>:      | Q   |
| Humanswisspro<br>_no : | t <u>P47884</u>   |
| Immunogen :            | Synthesized peptide derived from human OR1D4  |
| Specificity :          | This antibody detects endogenous levels of OR1D4 at Human   |
| Formulation :          | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.   |
| Source :               | Rabbit  |
| Dilution :             | WB 1 : 500-2000   |
| Purification :         | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.   |
| Concentration :        | 1 mg/ml   |
| Storage_stability<br>: | -20°C/1 year  |
| Background :           | olfactory receptor family 1 subfamily D member 4 (gene/pseudogene)(OR1D4) Homo<br>sapiens Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a<br>neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor<br>proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising<br>from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain<br>structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for<br>the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory<br>receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the<br>olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other |

organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2010],