

SPTN2 rabbit pAb

Catalog_no :	<u>AT7269</u>
Applications :	<u>WB</u>
Reactivity :	<u>Human,Rat</u>
Category :	<u>抗原抗体</u>
Size :	<u>100µg/50µg/20µg</u>
Gene_name :	<u>SPTBN2 KIAA0302 SCA5</u>
Protein_name :	<u>SPTN2</u>
Humangene_id :	<u>6712</u>
Humanswissprot_no :	<u>O15020</u>
Ratgene_id :	<u>29211</u>
Ratswissprot_no :	<u>Q9QWN8</u>
Immunogen :	<u>Synthesized peptide derived from human SPTN2</u>
Specificity :	<u>This antibody detects endogenous levels of SPTN2 at Human/Rat</u>
Formulation :	<u>Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.</u>
Source :	<u>Rabbit</u>
Dilution :	<u>WB 1 : 500-2000</u>
Purification :	<u>The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.</u>
Concentration :	<u>1 mg/ml</u>
Storage_stability :	<u>-20°C/1 year</u>
Background :	<p>Spectrins are principle components of a cell's membrane-cytoskeleton and are composed of two alpha and two beta spectrin subunits. The protein encoded by this gene (SPTBN2), is called spectrin beta non-erythrocytic 2 or beta-III spectrin. It is related to, but distinct from, the beta-II spectrin gene which is also known as spectrin beta non-erythrocytic 1 (SPTBN1). SPTBN2 regulates the glutamate signaling pathway by stabilizing the glutamate transporter EAAT4 at the surface of the plasma membrane. Mutations in this gene cause a form of spinocerebellar ataxia, SCA5, that is characterized by neurodegeneration, progressive locomotor incoordination, dysarthria,</p>



and uncoordinated eye movements. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2009],
