



H2B1L rabbit pAb

| Catalog_no: | AT7551 |
|------------------------|---|
| Applications : | WB |
| Reactivity : | Human |
| Category : | 抗原抗体 |
| Size : | 100µg/50µg/20µg |
| Gene_name : | HIST1H2BL H2BFC |
| Protein_name : | H2B1L |
| Humangene_id : | <u>8340</u> |
| Humanswisspro _no : | t <u>Q99880</u> |
| Immunogen : | Synthesized peptide derived from human H2B1L |
| Specificity : | This antibody detects endogenous levels of H2B1L at Human |
| Formulation : | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Source : | Rabbit |
| Dilution : | WB 1 : 500-2000 |
| Purification : | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen. |
| Concentration : | 1 mg/ml |
| Storage_stability : | z -20°C/1 year |
| Background : | Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromosomal fiber in eukaryotes. Two molecules of each of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped in repeating units, called nucleosomes. The linker histone, H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin into higher order structures. This gene is intronless and encodes a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H2B family. Transcripts from this gene lack polyA tails but instead contain a palindromic termination element. This gene is found in the small histone gene cluster on chromosome 6p22-p21.3. [provided by RefSeq, Aug |