

PKCδ (phospho-Ser359) rabbit pAb

Catalog_no :	AP1442
Applications :	WB
Reactivity :	Human,Mouse
Category :	抗原抗体
Size :	100µg/50µg/20µg
Gene_name :	PRKCD
Protein_name :	PKCδ (Ser359)
Humangene_id :	<u>5580</u>
Humanswissprot _no :	t <u>Q05655</u>
Mousegene_id :	<u>18753</u>
Mouseswissprot _no:	<u>P28867</u>
Ratgene_id :	<u>170538</u>
Ratswissprot_no :	<u>P09215</u>
Immunogen :	Synthesized phosho peptide around human PKCδ (Ser359)
Specificity :	This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human Mouse ΡΚCδ (phospho-Ser359)
Formulation :	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source :	Rabbit
Dilution :	WB 1:1000-2000
Purification :	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using specific immunogen.
Concentration :	1 mg/ml
Storage_stability :	-20°C/1 year
Other_name :	Protein kinase C delta type (EC 2.7.11.13) (Tyrosine-protein kinase PRKCD) (EC 2.7.10.2) (nPKC-delta)



Molecular 78KD Weight :

Background :

Ind : protein kinase C delta(PRKCD) Homo sapiens Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serineand threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and the second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC family members also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play distinct roles in cells. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. Studies both in human and mice demonstrate that this kinase is involved in B cell signaling and in the regulation of growth, apoptosis, and differentiation of a variety of cell types. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],