

## TAB2 (phospho-Ser372) rabbit pAb

Catalog\_no: AP1520

Applications: WB

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Category: 抗原抗体

Size: 100μg/50μg/20μg

Gene\_name: TAB2 KIAA0733 MAP3K7IP2

Protein\_name : TAB2 (Ser372)

Humangene\_id 23118

Humanswissprot Q9NYJ8

\_no:

Mousegene\_id: 68652

Mouseswissprot Q99K90

\_no:

Ratgene\_id: 308267

Ratswissprot\_no Q5U303

Immunogen: Synthesized phosho peptide around human TAB2 (Ser372)

This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human Mouse Rat TAB2 (phospho-Ser372) Specificity:

Formulation: Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.

Source: Rabbit

Dilution: WB 1:1000-2000

Purification: The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit serum by affinity-chromatography using

specific immunogen.

Concentration: 1 mg/ml

Storage\_stability -20°C/1 year

TGF-beta-activated kinase 1 and MAP3K7-binding protein 2 (Mitogen-activated protein Other\_name:

kinase kinase kinase 7-interacting protein 2) (TAK1-binding protein 2) (TAB-2) (TGF-beta-

activated kinase 1-binding protein 2)



Molecular Weight:

77KD

Background:

TGF-beta activated kinase 1/MAP3K7 binding protein 2(TAB2) Homo sapiens The protein encoded by this gene is an activator of MAP3K7/TAK1, which is required for for the IL-1 induced activation of nuclear factor kappaB and MAPK8/JNK. This protein forms a kinase complex with TRAF6, MAP3K7 and TAB1, and it thus serves as an adaptor that links MAP3K7 and TRAF6. This protein, along with TAB1 and MAP3K7, also participates in the signal transduction induced by TNFSF11/RANKI through the activation of the receptor activator of NF-kappaB (TNFRSF11A/RANK), which may regulate the development and function of osteoclasts. Studies of the related mouse protein indicate that it functions to protect against liver damage caused by chemical stressors. Mutations in this gene cause congenital heart defects, multiple types, 2 (CHTD2). Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014],